

ERROR 404: EXPERIENCE NOT REQUIRED (WHEN YOU HAVE A HOMELAB)

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\$ whoami

- CEO @BSidesChicago,
2019 COO @dianainitiative,
CFP Chair @BSidesPGH, DefCon 3!
- Many years in Security, with an emphasis on Blue Teams, (former Purple), DevSecOps, IR.
- Based in Chicago and a natural creature of winter, you can typically find me sipping Casa Noblé Añejo whilst simultaneously defending my systems using OSS, magic spells and Dancing Flamingos.
- Honeypots, Refrigerators and IoT (Internet of Threats) are a few of my favorite things.



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DISCLAIMER

- I'm obsessed(?) with home security lab equipment, honeypots and colos
- If you want to have a life, perhaps tone it down a bit

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Why We Aren't Here

- This is not a demo of everything in my lab (yet)
- I'm not showing you all my gear (duh)



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Why We Are Here!

- Security is fun
- Toys are fun
- I like breaking things
- I like building things
 - I like breaking things I build
- Learning never ends



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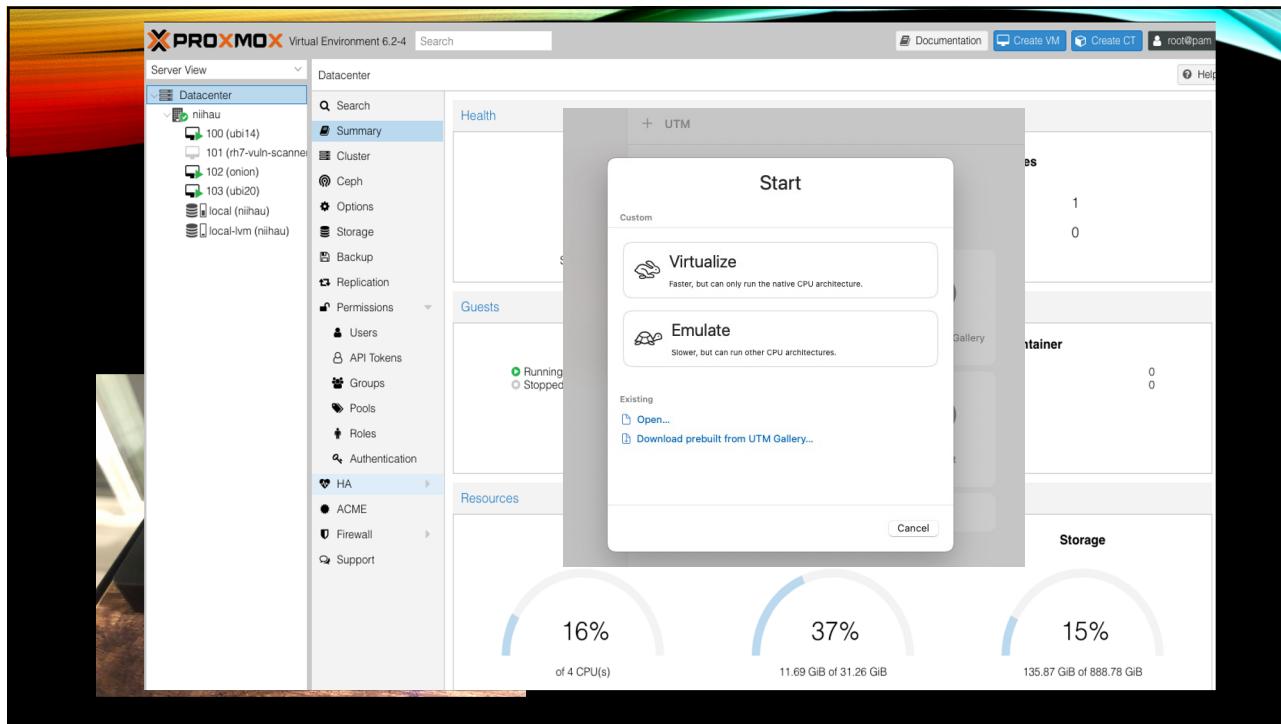
SOME BASICS

Your Lab!

- Virtualize
 - Proxmox - proxmox.com/en/
 - Virtualbox
 - UTM - <https://github.com/utmapp/UTM>
- PIs
- OpenWRT - <https://openwrt.org/>
- OpenSense - <https://opnsense.org/>



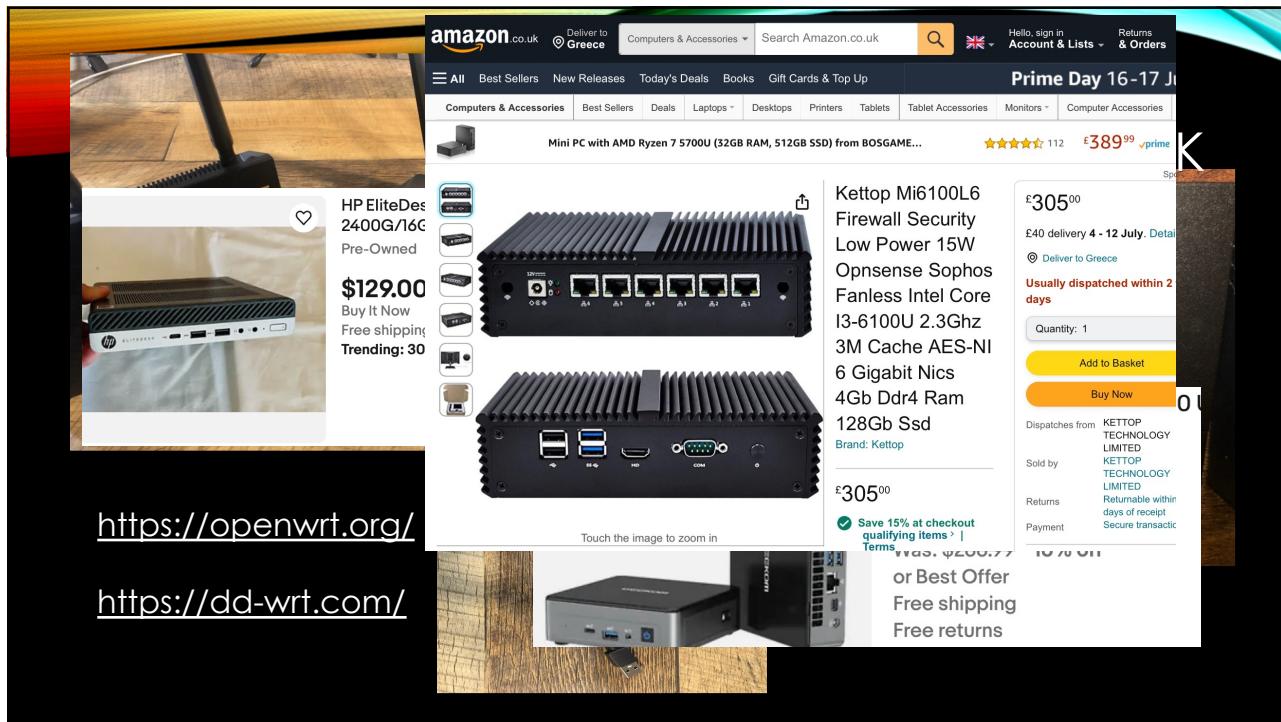
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OK – NOW WHAT?

- Install all the things!
- OSes come in all shapes and sizes
- Ollama! ollama.com
- Don't forget Windoze
 - www.microsoft.com/en-us/evalcenter/
 - Snapshots (180 days)
- Monitoring!!! (or Wazuh - more in a minute)

Get up and running with large language models.

Run [Llama 3](#), [Phi 3](#), [Mistral](#), [Gemma 2](#), and other models. Customize and create your own.

[Download ↓](#)

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A Quick Cluster - 5 minutes

- 4 nodes

- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B Plus Rev 1.3
- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B Rev 1.2
- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B Rev 1.2
- Raspberry Pi 3 Model B Rev 1.2

```
$ k3sup install --ip 192.168.2.70 --user pi --context isis --local-path $HOME/.kube/config --k3s-channel latest
$ export KUBECONFIG=/Users/kat8172/.kube/config
```

```
$ kubectl get node -o wide
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION INTERNAL-IP EXTERNAL-IP OS-IMAGE KERNEL-VERSION CONTAINER-RUNTIME
pitop Ready master 2m16s v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.70 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1

$ kubectl get node -o wide
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION INTERNAL-IP EXTERNAL-IP OS-IMAGE KERNEL-VERSION CONTAINER-RUNTIME
pitop Ready master 15m v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.70 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
izzie1 Ready <none> 2m3s v1.18.12+k3s1 192.168.2.71 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.3.3-k3s2
izzie2 Ready <none> 83s v1.18.12+k3s1 192.168.2.72 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.3.3-k3s2
izzie3 Ready <none> 51s v1.18.12+k3s1 192.168.2.73 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.3.3-k3s2
```

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Let's Fix it

```
k3sup join --ip 192.168.2.71 --server-ip 192.168.2.70 --user pi --k3s-channel latest
k3sup join --ip 192.168.2.72 --server-ip 192.168.2.70 --user pi --k3s-channel latest
k3sup join --ip 192.168.2.73 --server-ip 192.168.2.70 --user pi --k3s-channel latest
```

```
$ kubectl get node -o wide
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION INTERNAL-IP EXTERNAL-IP OS-IMAGE KERNEL-VERSION CONTAINER-RUNTIME
izzie3 Ready <none> 8m15s v1.18.12+k3s1 192.168.2.73 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.3.3-k3s2
izzie1 Ready <none> 10m v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.71 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
pitop Ready master 23m v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.70 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
izzie2 Ready <none> 8m47s v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.72 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1

$ kubectl get node -o wide
NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION INTERNAL-IP EXTERNAL-IP OS-IMAGE KERNEL-VERSION CONTAINER-RUNTIME
izzie1 Ready <none> 10m v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.71 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
pitop Ready master 23m v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.70 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
izzie2 Ready <none> 9m3s v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.72 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
izzie3 Ready <none> 8m31s v1.19.4+k3s1 192.168.2.73 <none> Raspbian GNU/Linux 10 (buster) 5.4.72-v7+ containerd://1.4.1-k3s1
```

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NOW WHAT PART 2

- VulnHub - www.vulnhub.com
- Metasploitable 2 & 3
- owasp.org/projects/
 - WebGoat - owasp.org/www-project-webgoat
 - JuiceShop - owasp.org/www-project-juice-shop
 - Mapping - owasp.org/www-project-amass
- Home Assistant - www.home-assistant.io
 - HomePwn - github.com/Telefonica/HomePWN
- SDR!! - github.com/luigifcruz/pisdr-image



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NOW WHAT PART 3

SPIRE
SPIFFE-based zero trust
for microservices

- k3sup - <https://github.com/alexellis/k3sup>
- Rancher - <https://rancher.com/docs/rancher/v2-x/installation/installing-rancher-v2-x/>
- HomePwn - <https://github.com/Telefonica/HomePWN>
- <https://github.com/luigifcruz/pisdr-image>

10 Ansible Tricks | Nikto Pentests

Trivy
Container and software
security scanner

Google Tsunami
Security Scanner

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HONEYPOTS!

- OpenCanary -- opencanary.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
- Adhd – www.activecountermeasures.com/free-tools/adhd/
- Honey Badger -- github.com/adhdproject/honeybadger (GEO!)
- Community Honey Network --

communityhoneynetwork.readthedocs.io/en/stable/
- HoneyPi -- trustfoundry.net/honeypi-easy-honeypot-raspberry-pi/
- Dshield -- github.com/DShield-ISC/dshield
- Canarytokens -- canarytokens.org/generate
- T-pot -- github.com/dtag-dev-sec/tpotce
- Lots more -- github.com/paralax/awesome-honeypots
- Personal Favorite – Honey “Data” in mysql/M\$sql exposed to Internet

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The screenshot displays four panels of token selection options:

- Top Left Panel:**
 - Windows folder**: Be notified when a Windows Folder is browsed in Windows Explorer.
 - Log4Shell**: Alert when a log4j log line is vulnerable to CVE-2021-44228.
 - Fast redirect**: Alert when a URL is visited, User is redirected.
 - Slow redirect**: Alert when a URL is visited, User is redirected (More info is grabbed).
 - Custom image web bug**: Alert when an image you uploaded is viewed.
 - Acrobat Reader PDF document**: Get alerted when a PDF document is opened in Acrobat Reader.
 - Custom exe / binary**: Fire an alert when an EXE or DLL is executed.
- Top Right Panel:**
 - Microsoft SQL Server**: Get alerted when MS SQL Server databases are accessed.
 - SVN**: Alert when someone checks out an SVN repository.
 - Unique email address**: Alert when an email is sent to a unique address.
- Bottom Left Panel:**
 - Microsoft Excel document**: Get alerted when a document is opened in Microsoft Excel.
 - Kubeconfig token**: Alert when a Kubeconfig is used.
 - WireGuard VPN**: Alert when a WireGuard VPN client config is used.
 - Cloned website**: Trigger an alert when your website is cloned.
 - CSS cloned website**: Trigger an alert when your website is cloned (using CSS).
 - QR code**: Generate a QR code for physical tokens.
 - MySQL dump**: Get alerted when a MySQL dump is loaded.
- Bottom Right Panel:**
 - N**: Web bug / URL token. Alert when a URL is visited.
 - DNS token**: Alert when a hostname is requested.
 - AWS keys**: Alert when AWS key is used.
 - Azure Login Certificate**: Azure Service Principal certificate that alerts when used to login with.
 - Azure Entra ID login**: Trigger an alert when your Azure Entra ID login is being phished.
 - Sensitive command token**: Alert when a suspicious Windows command is run.
 - Microsoft Word document**: Get alerted when a document is opened in Microsoft Word.

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More Random Ideas

Train an LLM to analyze logs, detect attacks, and generate incident reports

- Set up Wazuh + Zeek + Suricata for log collection.
- Feed logs into a local LLM model (Llama 3, GPT-4, or ??)
- Ask your AI SOC analyst things like:
 - *Have there been any brute-force attempts in the last 24 hours?*
 - *Summarize attack trends over the past week.*

Build a honeypot framework that auto-evolves to trick attackers

- Most honeypots get fingerprinted quickly
 - What if your honeypot was smart enough to change itself dynamically?
 - Welcome to *Cyber-Deception as a Service (CDaaS)*
 - Deploy **Kubernetes honeypots** that randomly shift attack surfaces
 - Rotate fake **misconfigurations** over time (e.g., "accidentally" exposing a fake AWS key)

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ADHD

ADHD Version: 4.0.0 | [GitHub Page](#) | [Project Page](#)

Black Hills Information Security

ADHD

- Credentials
- Artillery
 - Example 1: Running Artillery
 - Example 2: Triggering a Honeyport
 - Example 3: Adding a File to a Watched Directory
- Bear Trap
 - Example 1: Basic Usage
- BeEF
 - Example 1: Hooking a Web Browser
 - Example 2: Browser Based Exploitation With BeEF
- CanaryTokens
 - Example 1: Creating Callbacks Using Local Canary Instance
 - Example 2: Creating Callbacks Using CanaryTokens.org
- Cowrie
 - Example 1: Running Cowrie
 - Example 2: Cowrie In Action
 - Example 3: Viewing Cowrie's Logs

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The dashboard displays various metrics and charts. At the top, it shows alert counts: 130115 (green), 0 (red), 57360 (blue), and 42637 (orange). Below this are two line charts: 'Alert level evolution' showing the count of alerts over time (3 hours) with peaks around November 15th; and 'Alerts evolution - Top 5 agents' showing the count of alerts for agents named maul, gobo, keywest, kermit, and beaker. To the right is a donut chart titled 'Top MITRE ATT&CKS' showing the distribution of attack types, with the legend listing 14 categories from 'Valid Accounts' to 'Sudo'.

```
curl -s0 https://packages.wazuh.com/4.11/wazuh-install.sh && sudo bash ./wazuh-install.sh -a
```

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Resume Sample

Technical Expertise

- I have cultivated a robust home security lab environment, enabling hands-on exploration and experimentation with cutting-edge cybersecurity tools and techniques. My experience includes thorough malware analysis, where I dissect samples to uncover behavioral patterns, isolate indicators of compromise (IOCs), and strategize effective mitigation tactics.
- I bring proficiency in penetration testing, adept at identifying and exploiting vulnerabilities across diverse systems, networks, and applications to fortify defenses proactively. Additionally, I excel in vulnerability research, consistently uncovering security flaws within software, firmware, and hardware components. My expertise extends to Linux hardening, implementing stringent measures to safeguard Linux-based environments from potential threats.
- Complementing these skills, I possess a strong foundation in incident response methodologies, network security protocols, and cryptographic algorithms, coupled with proficiency in scripting languages like Python and Bash for automation and custom tool development in cybersecurity operations.

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Resume Sample 2

Technical Expertise

- **Home Security Lab:** Dedicated setup at home for hands-on research and testing of cybersecurity tools and techniques.
 - **Malware Analysis:** Proficient in analyzing malware samples to understand behavior, identify indicators of compromise (IOCs), and develop mitigation strategies.
 - **Penetration Testing:** Experience in conducting penetration tests to identify and exploit vulnerabilities in systems, networks, and applications.
 - **Vulnerability Research:** Skilled in researching and discovering security vulnerabilities in software, firmware, and hardware components.
 - **Linux Hardening:** Expertise in hardening Linux-based systems to enhance security posture and mitigate potential threats.
- **Additional Skills:** Familiarity with incident response procedures, network security protocols, and cryptographic algorithms. Proficient in scripting languages such as Python and Bash for automation and tool development in cybersecurity operations.

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Resume Sample 3

Technical Expertise

- Home Security Lab:** Dedicated setup for hands-on security research, network segmentation, and threat detection.
- **Intrusion Detection & Prevention:** Configured **Suricata** to monitor and analyze network traffic, identifying potential threats and anomalies in real time.
 - **Firewall & Network Segmentation:** Deployed **OPNsense** with VLANs to **isolate IoT devices**, reducing attack surface and mitigating lateral movement risks.
 - **Network Traffic Analysis:** Developed rules and alerting mechanisms to **detect suspicious activity from IoT devices**, enhancing network visibility.
 - **Threat Hunting & Incident Response:** Used Suricata logs to investigate security events, refine detection rules, and **improve automated threat response strategies**.
 - **Security Automation & Scripting:** Utilized **Python and Bash** to automate log analysis, rule updates, and alert tuning for optimized security operations.

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KEY TAKEAWAYS

- It's Playtime!
 - The beauty of virtualization
 - Don't forget about containers/proxmox
- There is no right or wrong
- Start small / build on it
 - Break it – build it – break it again
- You can get sucked in

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Thank You!



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